SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY INITIAL STUDY ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FORM

This form and the descriptive information in the application package constitute the contents of Initial Study pursuant to County Guidelines under Ordinance 3040 and Section 15063 of the State CEQA Guidelines.

PROJECT LABEL:

APNs:

0298-063-07

Applicant:

Opal, LLC 801 Opal Avenue

Mentone CA, 92359

Project No:

P201400083

Staff:

Kevin White, Planner

Location: East side of Opal Avenue, Extending between

Nice Avenue and Colton Ave.

Proposal: A) A GENERAL PLAN AMENDEMENT TO CHANGE THE OFFICIAL LAND USE ZONING DISTICT FROM COMMUNITY INDUSTRIAL TO SINGLE RESIDENTIAL ON 35.53 ACRES.

B) A TENTATIVE TRACT MAP TO CREATE 131

LOTS ON 35.33 ACRES.

USGS Quad: Rediands

34°03'52.80"N/117°07'54.83" Lat/Long:

T. R. Section:

T1S R2W Sec. 19

Community Plan: N/A

> COMMUNITY INDUSTRIAL LUZD:

> > (IC)

Overlays: FP-2

PROJECT CONTACT INFORMATION:

Lead agency: County of San Bernardino

Land Use Services Department 385 N. Arrowhead Avenue, 1st Floor San Bernardino, CA 92415-0182

Contact person: Kevin White, Planner

Phone No: (909) 387-3067 Fax No: (909) 387-3223

E-mail: kevin.white@lusd.sbcounty.gov

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Summary

The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment (GPA) to change the Official Land Use Zoning District from Community Industrial (IC) to Single Residential (RS) on 35.53 acres. The project also includes a Tentative Tract Map (TT 18952) to subdivide 35,33 acres into 131 lots. The site is located in unincorporated San Bernardino County (County), within the Sphere of Influence of City of Redlands. The area of the GPA is slightly larger than TT 18952 because the property to be subdivided surrounds a .23 acres property to the north, south and east near the northwest corner of the site. The .23 acre parcel is also zoned IC and has been improved with a single residential home which takes access on Opal Avenue. See Exhibit 2 (Tract Map).

Local Setting

The area immediately surrounding the project site consists of industrial uses to the west, a residential housing and water reservoir to the north, a residential tract to the east, and Redlands East Valley High School to the South. The site is .10 of a mile east of the City of Redlands.

Roadways in the project vicinity are paved. Opal Avenue is adjacent to the project site to the west, Colton Avenue to the north and Nice Avenue to the West.

Project Site Location, Existing Site Land Uses and Conditions

The project site has previously been disturbed. The site currently includes a 208,000 square foot industrial building with offices and a 60,000 square foot warehouse building. Additionally, the site includes truck and passenger vehicle parking, fences, gates, hardscape areas, as well as some ornamental trees and vegetation. The site and surrounding vicinity is predominantly flat terrain. The project site has an elevation between 1650 and 1685 msl with a slight decrease in elevation to the east.

Existing General Plan Land Use Zoning Designations

Land uses on the project site and surrounding parcels are governed by the County's Zoning Code. The site's land use zoning designation is Community Industrial. The project site is identified as being within the City of Redlands's Sphere of Influence Area. The City of Redlands's General Plan Land Use Designation for the site is also zoned Industrial.

Existing Land Use and Land Use Zoning Districts							
Location	Existing Land Use	Land Use Zoning District					
Project Site	Warehouse, Office, Truck Parking, Outside Storage, Open Space	Community Industrial					
North	Residential and Vacant Land	Single Residential and Community Industrial					
South	Redlands East Valley High School	Institutional					
East	Residential	Single Residential					
West	Industrial	Community Industrial					

Page 3 of 55

Tentative Tract Map

The proposed Tentative Tract Map will subdivide the property into 131 residential lots and 16 lettered lots. The residential lots range in size from 7,200 square feet to 14,019 square feet. The tract map has a proposed density of 3.72 units per acre (net). The lettered lots are proposed to be common areas. Lot A is proposed to be utilized as a small park area, and includes a "tot lot". The remainder of the lettered lots will be utilized by the landscape areas for beautification of the existing streets, and some will also be used as water quality basins.

The Tract map includes three dedicated points of ingress and egress, one of which is located on Opal Avenue and the other two access points on Nice Avenue. The project also has two pedestrian access points at the corner of Nice Avenue and Opal Avenue and also a pedestrian access on Colton Avenue which also will serve as an emergency access point as needed by police or fire personnel.

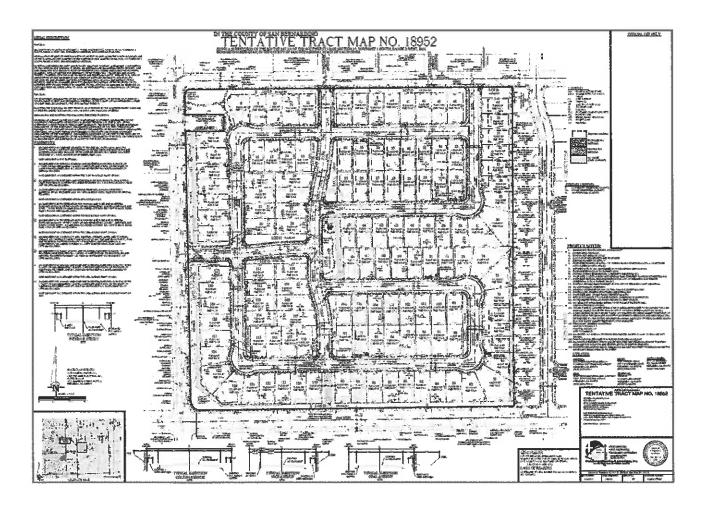
The development will <u>not</u> be a gated community and the interior streets are designed to meet the County's standard plans so that they can be dedicated as public streets. The City of Redlands will provide water and sewer services for the proposed lots. The project site is located within the boundaries of the Redlands Unified School District.

The project includes well-proportioned landscaping along interior streets, and a 6-foot high block wall surrounding the proposed residential community that serves as a decorative security perimeter wall while also providing sound attenuation.

Exhibit 1: Vicinity Map



Exhibit 2: Tentative Tract Map



EVALUATION FORMAT

This initial study is prepared in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21000, et seq. and the State CEQA Guidelines (California Code of Regulations Section 15000, et seq.). Specifically, the preparation of an Initial Study is guided by Section 15063 of the State CEQA Guidelines. This format of the study is presented as follows. The project is evaluated based on its effect on 17 major categories of environmental factors. Each factor is reviewed by responding to a series of questions regarding the impact of the project on each element of the overall factor. The Initial Study checklist provides a formatted analysis that provides a determination of the effect of the project on the factor and its elements. The effect of the project is categorized into one of the following four categories of possible determinations:

Potentially Significant Impact	. •	Less than	No Impact
Significant impact	with witigation incorporated	Significant	Impact

Substantiation is then provided to justify each determination. One of the four following conclusions is then provided as a summary of the analysis for each of the major environmental factors.

- 1. No Impact: No impacts are identified or anticipated and no mitigation measures are required.
- 2. Less than Significant Impact: No significant adverse impacts are identified or anticipated and no mitigation measures are required.
- 3. Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated: Possible significant adverse impacts have been identified or anticipated and the following mitigation measures are required as a condition of project approval to reduce these impacts to a level below significant. The required mitigation measures are: (List of mitigation measures)
- 4. **Potentially Significant Impact**: Significant adverse impacts have been identified or anticipated. An Environmental Impact Report (EIR) is required to evaluate these impacts, which are (List of the impacts requiring analysis within the EIR).

At the end of the analysis the required mitigation measures are restated and categorized as being either self- monitoring or as requiring a Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

			below will be potentially affected nificant Impact" as indicated by th				
	Aesthetics		Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Air Quality		
	Biological Resources		Cultural Resources		Geology / Soils		
	Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Hydrology / Water Quality		
	Land Use/ Planning		Mineral Resources		Noise		
	Population / Housing		Public Services		Recreation		
	Transportation / Traffic		Utilities / Service Systems		Mandatory Findings of Significance		
DETE	RMINATION: (To be comp	leted	by the Lead Agency)				
On th	e basis of this initial evaluat	ion, 1	he following finding is made:				
	The proposed project COI DECLARATION shall be p		NOT have a significant effect on the red.	ie en	vironment, and a NEGATIVE		
\boxtimes	a significant effect in this	case	could have a significant effect on to because revisions in the project ha ATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION	ive b	een made by or agreed to by		
	The proposed project MA' IMPACT REPORT is requ		e a significant effect on the enviror	nmen	it, and an ENVIRONMENTAL		
	The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed.						
Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.							
Signature (prepared by Keyin White, Planner) Date Signature: (David Prusch, Supervising Planner) Land Use Services Department/Planning Division							

A SANS	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
Ŀ	AESTHETICS - Will the project				
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				\boxtimes
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?			\boxtimes	
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare, which will adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				
S	UBSTANTIATION: (Check if project is located within the General Plan):	ne view-sh	ed of any Sc	enic Route	e listed

- No Impact. The proposed project is not located within a Scenic Corridor. The site is also not located in the proximity of a scenic vista. There is little topography in the area or other features from which there would be views of the region. The proposed project is located within an area where surrounding lands are already substantially developed with residential neighborhoods, industrial, and institutional uses.
- b) **No Impact.** The site is not adjacent to a state scenic highway. There are no protected trees, rock outcroppings, or historic buildings on the project site; therefore, the proposed project would not substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings.
- c) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed project would not substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings. The site is within an urbanized area with improved roadways, electrical poles and lines, streetlights, sidewalks, and ornamental landscaping (e.g., groundcover, shrubs and trees). The project site has industrial and office buildings. The project would require removal of the structures and the existing landscaping. The proposed project would allow the development of the site with single-family homes and related infrastructure and improvements (e.g., streets, curbs, street trees, perimeter walls, fire hydrants, park and playground equipment, etc.), which would be at a similar scale and character as existing uses and improvements surrounding the site. Therefore, the project would have a less than significant impact on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings.

d) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed project would not create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area. Street lights are located immediately north of the site along Opal Avenue and in adjacent residential communities. Street and exterior lighting proposed on site would be similar to the surrounding uses and would be hooded and down-shielded to direct lighting onsite and protect surrounding properties from any light glare. Therefore, the project would result in less than significant impacts relative to light and glare.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less th Signific	
	AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY RESOURCES - In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Dept. of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. Will the project:				
a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland) as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				
c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				
d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes
e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				⊠

SUBSTANTIATION: (Check if project is located in the Important Farmlands Overlay):

- a) **No Impact**. The Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Department of Conservation is responsible with mapping Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance, and Farmland of Local Importance (Farmland) across the state. This site is designated as Urban/Built up land. The project would not convert Farmland, as shown on the FMMP maps, to non-agricultural use, since the project site is not designated as such.
- b) **No Impact**. The proposed project would not conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract. The current General Plan land use designation for the project area is Community Industrial. The proposed project area is not under a Williamson Act contract. There is no impact and no further analysis is warranted.
- c) **No Impact**. The proposed project would not conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land, timberland, or timberland zoned Timberland Production. The proposed project area has never been designated as forest land or timberland because the site is within the valley region which does not contain forested lands.
- d) No Impact. The proposed project would not result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use. The proposed project site is within the valley region of the county, and is predominantly disturbed with existing industrial uses. There is no impact and no further analysis is warranted.
- e) **No Impact.** The proposed project would not involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use. The current General Plan land use designation for the project area is IC. There is no impact and no further analysis is warranted.

	Issues	Potentiall Significan Impact	t Significant	Less than Significant	
III.	AIR QUALITY - Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district might be relied upon to make the following determinations. Will the project:				£.
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				\boxtimes
b)	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?		\boxtimes		
c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?				
d)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				
e)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			\boxtimes	
SI	UBSTANTIATION: (Discuss conformity with the Mojar applicable):	ve Air (Quality Manag	ement l	Plan, if

The following analysis is based on the project Air Quality Impact Analysis (AQIA) dated October 2014 prepared by LSA Associates. The AQIA evaluates emissions from construction and operations, focusing on criteria air pollutants, hazardous emissions, and greenhouse gases (GHG).

a) No Impact. The proposed project would not conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan. A project is consistent with the regional Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) if it does not create new violations of clean air standards, exacerbates any existing violations, or delays a timely attainment of such standards.

The two principal criteria for conformance to an AQMP are 1) whether the project would result in an increase in the frequency or severity of existing air quality violations; cause or contribute to new violations; or delay timely attainment of air quality standards; and 2) whether the project would exceed the assumptions in the AQMP.

With respect to the first criterion, the analyses in responses III.b) and III.c), below demonstrate that the project would not generate short-term and long-term emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOC), oxides of nitrogen (NOx, which are ozone precursors), or PM2.5 that could potentially cause an increase in the frequency or severity of existing air quality violations; cause or contribute to new violations; or delay timely attainment of air

quality standards.

Projects such as the proposed Opal Avenue Residential Project do not directly relate to the AQMP in that there are no specific air quality programs or regulations governing general development. Conformity with adopted plans, forecasts and programs relative to population, housing, employment and land use is the primary yardstick by which impact significance of planned growth is determined. The change to regional air quality from the proposed action is immeasurably small due to the size of the project relative to the air quality basin and because the project does not exceed air quality standards. A project specific analysis of air quality impacts was conducted in the AQIA, which demonstrates that project related emissions are below the significant threshold levels. Therefore, the project is considered consistent with the region's AQMP. No impacts would occur and no mitigation is required.

Given that the proposed project would not significantly alter the population or employment projections considered during the development of the AQMP, and considering the minor emissions attributable to the proposed project during operation (refer to discussion in Item III.b) below), there are no impacts associated with AQMP consistency.

b) Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated. The proposed project would not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Air quality impacts would include construction exhaust emissions generated from diesel- and gasoline-powered equipment construction equipment, vegetation clearing, grading, construction worker commuting, construction material deliveries, and operational activities upon project completion. Fugitive dust emissions include particulate matter and are a potential concern because the project is in a non-attainment area for PM-10 and PM-2.5, as well as ozone.

Construction Phase

Dust is a concern during construction of new homes and infrastructure. Because such emissions are not amenable to collection and discharge through a controlled source, they are called "fugitive emissions." Emission rates vary as a function of many parameters (soil silt, soil moisture, wind speed, area disturbed, number of vehicles, depth of disturbance or excavation, etc.). These parameters are not known with any reasonable certainty prior to project development and may change from day to day. Any assignment of specific parameters to an unknown future date is speculative and conjectural.

Construction emissions were calculated by using California Emissions Estimator Model (CalEEMod) version 2013.2.2. CalEEMod is a computer program accepted by the SCAQMD that can be used to estimate anticipated emissions associated with land development projects in California. CalEEMod has separate databases for specific counties and air districts.

Table 2: Construction Activity Equipment Fleet

Phase Name and Duration	Equipment
Demolition (15 days)	1 Concrete Saw
Demonition (15 days)	2 Dozer
	3 Excavators
	2 Excavator
Grading (20 days)	1 Grader
Grading (20 days)	1 Dozer
	2 Loader/Backhoes
	2 Scraper
	1 Crane
	3 Forklifts
Construction (182 days)	1 Generator Set
	3 Loader/Backhoes
	1 Welder
Paving	2 Mixers
(5 days)	2 Pavers
(0 days)	2 Roller
Architectural Coating	1 Air Compressors

Utilizing the indicated equipment fleet shown in the table above, the following worst case daily construction emissions are calculated by CalEEMod 2013.2.2 and are listed in **Table 3** below.

Table 3: Construction Activity Emissions

Maximum Daily Emissions (pounds/day)

Maximal Construction Emissions	voc	NOx	со	SO ₂	PM-10	PM-2.5
Peak Daily	74	79	52	0.73	10	5.3
SCAQMD Thresholds	75	100	550	150	150	55

Peak daily construction activity emissions are estimated to be below SCAQMD CEQA thresholds without the need for added mitigation. The only model-based mitigation measure applied for this project was watering exposed dirt surfaces at least three times per day as required per SCAQMD Rule 403 (Fugitive Dust), to minimize the generation of fugitive dust.

Based on the above analysis, project construction and operations would neither violate

any air quality standard nor contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts are less than significant; nonetheless mitigation measures AQ-1 through AQ-3 are incorporated to facilitate monitoring and compliance with SCAQMD's Rule 403.

Operational Impacts

Project uses would generate 1,137 daily trips according to trip generation estimates provided in the project traffic impact analysis. Operational emissions for the proposed uses were calculated using CalEEMod2013.2.2 (assuming a project build-out year of 2016). Calculated emission levels are shown in **Table 4** below.

Table 4: Daily Operational Impacts

		Operational Emissions (lbs/day)						
Source	NOx	CO	SO ₂	PM-10	PM-2.5			
Total	15	63	.15	9.3	2.9			
SCAQMD Threshold	55	550	150	150	55			
Exceeds Threshold?	No	No	No	No	No			

Source: CalEEMod Output in Appendix

The project would not cause any operational emissions to exceed their respective SCAQMD CEQA significance thresholds. Based on the modeling analysis, operational emission impacts are judged to be less than significant.

- c) Less than Significant Impact with Mitigations Incorporated. As discussed in Response III.b, the project would not exceed SCAQMD criteria pollutant emission thresholds. Cumulative emissions are part of the emission inventory included in the AQMP for the project area. Therefore, there would be no cumulatively considerable net increase of the criteria pollutants that are in nonattainment status in the South Coast Air Basin.
- d) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed project would not expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations (see Items III.a through III.c regarding criteria pollutants). The project's construction and operations would not result in any significant air pollutant emissions, and nearby sensitive receptors (consisting of residences) would not be significantly impacted by such emissions.

With regard to potentially hazardous air emissions, small amounts of hazardous air pollutants are contained in the diesel exhaust of the construction equipment to be used to prepare the site and develop the proposed housing units. Diesel exposure risk is calculated based on a 70-year lifetime with the receptor located outdoors permanently. Resident exposure to construction equipment exhaust emissions would only be for several months. The combination of limited exhaust particulate emissions, brief resident exposure

and generally high dispersal rates during the daytime renders hazardous emissions impacts as less-than-significant.

For those reasons, impacts are less than significant and an assessment of potential human health risks attributable to emissions of hazardous air pollutants is not required.

e) Less than Significant Impact. The project does not contain land uses typically associated with emitting objectionable odors. Potential odor sources associated with the proposed project may result from construction equipment exhaust and the application of asphalt and architectural coatings during construction activities, and the temporary storage of typical solid waste (refuse) associated with the project's (long-term operational) uses. Standard AQMD construction requirements would minimize odor impacts resulting from construction activity. Any construction odor emissions generated would be temporary, short-term, and intermittent in nature and would cease upon completion of construction activity and is thus considered less than significant. Project-generated refuse would be stored in covered containers and removed at regular intervals in compliance with the County's solid waste regulations. The proposed Project would also be required to comply with SCAQMD Rule 402 to prevent occurrences of public nuisances. Therefore, odors associated with the proposed Project construction and operations would be less than significant and no mitigation is required.

SIGNIFICANCE: Possible significant adverse impacts have been identified or are anticipated and the following mitigation measures are required as conditions of project approval to reduce these impacts to a level considered less than significant:

AIR QUALITY MITIGATION MEASURES:

- AQ-1 AQ/Dust Control Plan. The developer will prepare, submit, and obtain approval from San Bernardino County Planning of a Dust Control Plan (DCP) consistent with South Coast Air Quality Management District guidelines and a letter agreeing to include in any construction contracts/subcontracts a requirement that project contractors adhere to the requirements of the DCP. The DCP will include the following elements to reduce dust production:
 - a) Exposed soils and haul roads will be watered three (3) times per day to reduce fugitive dust during all grading/construction activities. Inactive areas will be treated with soil stabilizers such as hay bales or aggregate cover.
 - b) Street sweeping will be conducted when visible soil accumulations occur along site access roadways to remove dirt dropped by construction vehicles.
 - c) Site access driveways and adjacent streets will be washed daily, if there are visible signs of any dirt track-out at the conclusion of any workday.
 - d) Construction vehicle tires will be washed prior to leaving the project site.
 - e) All trucks hauling dirt away from the site will be covered, and speeds on unpaved roads will be reduced below 15 miles per hour.

- f) During high wind conditions (i.e., wind speeds exceeding 25 mph), areas with disturbed soil will be watered hourly and activities on unpaved surfaces will cease until wind speeds no longer exceed 25 mph.
- g) Storage piles that are to be left in place for more than three working days will be sprayed with a non-toxic soil binder, covered with plastic or revegetated.
- <u>AQ-2</u> <u>AQ Installation.</u> The developer will submit for review and obtain approval from County Planning evidence that all air quality mitigation measures have been installed properly and that specified performance objectives are being met to the satisfaction of County Planning and County Building and Safety.

	Issues	Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant	Impact			
<u>V.</u>	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES - Will the project:							
a)	Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?							
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service?				\boxtimes			
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?							
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?							
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				\boxtimes			
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan?				\boxtimes			
	Figure 1							
	SUBSTANTIATION: (Check if project is located in the Biological Resources Overlay or contains habitat for any species listed in the California Natural Diversity Database : Burrowing owl							

a) No Impact. The site currently includes a 208,000 square foot industrial building with offices and a 60,000 square foot warehouse building. Additionally, the site includes truck and passenger vehicle parking, fences, gates, hardscape areas, as well as some ornamental trees and vegetation. Immediately surrounding the project site primarily consists of industrial uses to the west, a residential housing and water reservoir to the north, a residential tract to the east, and Redlands East Valley High School to the South. Therefore it unlikely that the site contains any rare, threatened or endangered species of concern.

Approximately 30% of the site is unimproved however that area has previously been cleared on a regular basis for weeds, and was previously utilized as outdoor storage of modular buildings and other equipment

Exhibit C- Photo taken from the southeast corner of the project site looking Northwest.



Exhibit D – Photo taken from the North property line (Nice Ave looking Southeast)



- b) **No Impact**. The site does not contain any riparian habitat. Vegetation on the site consists of predominantly ornamental vegetation. Neither desert plant species nor riparian plant species exist or have the potential to exist on the project site. The there is no impact.
- c) No Impact. No waters and/or wetlands under the jurisdiction of the federal government, through the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) were identified on the site. The project would not have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, and no mitigation measures are required. There is no impact to federally protected wetlands.
- d) Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated. The site does not have native wildlife species and the likelihood for such species to breed on the site is extremely low. No native wildlife have established nursery or breeding colonies on the site. No naturally occurring native fish populations are present within the project site because the project site has no standing water or significant hydrological drainages where water would be present for an extended period of time.
- e) **No Impact.** The project does not conflict with local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources that are applicable to the proposed project site. The project site is currently developed as an industrial use, and was long ago cleared of native vegetation.
- f) No Impact. The project site is not located within an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or State habitat conservation plan. The project would have no significant impact relating to Habitat Conservation Plans, Natural Community Conservation Plans, and Recovery Plans. There would be no take of critical habitat and, therefore, no land use conflict with existing

management plans would occur.

		Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
٧.		CULTURAL RESOURCES - Will the project	A second		a de la companya de l	
	a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in §15064.5?			\boxtimes	
	b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?				
	c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?			\boxtimes	
	d)	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?			\boxtimes	
r	SUI	BSTANTIATION: (Check if the project is located Resources overlays or cite results of			or Paleontolo	ogic 🗌

The proposed project is not located in a Cultural or Paleontological Resources Overlay area. The analysis in this section is based on the Cultural Resources Assessment, dated July 2014 and prepared by LSA & Associates.

- a) Less than Significant Impact. There are no known historic resources on the project site. The Cultural field survey conducted on the project site identified no historic-period resources. Therefore, development of the subject property is not expected to result in any adverse impacts to historical or archaeological resources.
- b) Less than Significant Impact. There were no archaeological resources discovered on the project site. A standard condition of approval would be applied to the project that requires the applicant or assignee to contact the County Museum for a determination of appropriate measures if any archeological resources are discovered during project construction. This condition would reduce the project's impacts to a level considered less than significant.
- c) Less than Significant Impact. This project is not expected to directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature, because no resources of significance have been identified in the cultural resources survey of the site. The standard condition of approval mentioned above in V.b) would further reduce the potential for impacts, if anything should be found during project construction.
- d) Less than Significant Impact. It is not anticipated that this project would disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries, because no such burials grounds are known to exist on the project site. If any human remains are discovered during construction of this project, standard requirements in the Conditions of Approval would require the developer to contact the County Coroner and the County Museum for a

determination of appropriate measures to be taken. A Native American representative shall also be consulted if the remains are determined to be of potential Native American origin pursuant to Section 15064.5(e) of the CEQA Guidelines.

No historical resources were identified on the project site, thus the impact is less than significant. A standard condition of approval will be applied to the project to require the developer to contact the County Museum in the event of discovery of any artifact during construction, for instructions regarding evaluation for significance as a cultural of paleontological resource. No significant adverse impacts are identified or anticipated and therefore no mitigation measures are required.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
VI.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS - Will the project:				
a)	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:				
	 Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map Issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42. 			\boxtimes	
	ii. Strong seismic ground shaking?			\boxtimes	
	iii. Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?			\boxtimes	
	iv. Landslides?				\boxtimes
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			\boxtimes	
c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on or off site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 181-B of the California Building Code (2001) creating substantial risks to life or property?			\boxtimes	
е)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?				
SU	IBSTANTIATION: (Check T if project is located in the Geo	Modic Haz	ards Overlay	District):	

i) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed project site is not located within an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone. While the potential for onsite ground rupture cannot be totally discounted (e.g., unmapped faults could conceivably underlie the project site), the likelihood of such an occurrence is considered low due to the absence of known faults within the site. There is no impact related to the exposure of persons or structures to rupture of a known earthquake fault.

ii) Less than Significant Impact. The project site is within a seismically active region and is potentially subject to strong ground acceleration from earthquake events along major regional faults in southern California. The nearest identified fault line to the project site is the Redlands Fault which is capable of generating seismic activity. The known regional active and potentially active faults that could produce the most significant ground shaking at the site include the Redlands-Elsinore fault zone, San Jose, Cucamonga, Sierra Madre, Puente Hills, San Jacinto, and San Andreas faults.

The design of any structures on-site would incorporate measures to accommodate projected seismic loading, pursuant to existing California Building Code (CBC) and local building regulations. Specific measures that may be used for the proposed project include proper fill composition and compaction; anchoring (or other means of for securing applicable structures); and the use of appropriate Opal materials, dimensions, and flexible joints. Based on the incorporation of applicable measures into project design and construction to comply with CBC, potential project impacts associated with strong seismic ground shaking would be less than significant.

- iii) Less than Significant Impact. Liquefaction is the phenomenon whereby soils lose shear strength and exhibit fluid-like flow behavior. The project site is not located in a Geologic Hazard Overlay, nor is it located on soils known to expose people or structures to liquefaction.
- iv) **No Impact.** The proposed project would not have any risks associated with landslides. Landslides are the downslope movement of geologic materials. The stability of slopes is related to a variety of factors, including the slope's steepness, the strength of geologic materials, and the characteristics of bedding planes, joints, faults, vegetation, surface water, and groundwater conditions. The project area is relatively flat terrain where landslides have not historically been an issue; therefore, no significant impacts are anticipated with respect to seismic-related (or other) landslide hazards, and no further analysis is warranted.
- b) Less than Significant Impact. Construction activities could result in substantial soil erosion if the sites are not properly designed. The potential impacts of soil erosion would be minimized through implementation of Development Code requirements. Specifically, the applicant would prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) in compliance with the requirements of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) General Construction Permit. The SWPPP would prescribe temporary Best Management Practices (BMPs) to control wind and water erosion during and shortly after construction of the project. A preliminary Water Quality Management Plan has been prepared, which specifies permanent BMPs to control erosion and sedimentation once construction is complete. A final WQMP is required prior to building permits, which will affirm the proposed BMPs on the construction plans. The impact on soil erosion is less than significant and no further analysis is warranted.
- c) Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated. The site is not expected to

be prone to adverse effects of: slope instability or adverse differential settlement from cut/fill transition).

During construction, the geotechnical engineer would provide on-site observation of site preparation and grading, fill placement and foundation installation, thus ensuring that geotechnical conditions are as anticipated and that the contractor's work meets with the criteria in the approved plans and specifications. Any underground obstructions should be removed, as should large trees and their root systems. Resulting cavities should be properly backfilled and compacted. Efforts should be made to locate existing utility lines. Those lines should be removed or rerouted if they interfere with the proposed construction, and the resulting cavities should be properly backfilled and compacted.

- d) Less than Significant. Expansive (or shrink-swell) behavior is attributable to the water-holding capacity of clay minerals and can adversely affect the structural integrity of facilities. In general, compliance with Building Code requirements would minimize potential impacts to project facilities. Site soils are determined by the Geotechnical Investigation to be typically stiff or medium dense, are deemed to be low expansive potential. Prior to placing any fills or constructing any overlying improvements, loose surface soils would be scarified and compacted according to Geotechnical Investigation specifications. Impacts would be less than significant and no further analysis is warranted.
- e) **No Impact.** The project does not propose to use septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems; therefore, no impacts would occur. No further analysis is warranted.

		Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
VII	14.0	GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS - Will the project:			Y & ->	
	a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?			\boxtimes	
	b)	Conflict with any applicable plan, policy or regulation of an agency adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				
	, i .	SUBSTANTIATION:				

a) Less than Significant Impact. In September 2006, the State enacted the Global Warming Solutions Act (Assembly Bill 32), which was created to address greenhouse gases emitted by human activity and implicated in global climate change. The Act requires that the greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions in California be reduced to 1990 levels by 2020. This is part of a larger plan in which California hopes to reduce its emissions to 80 percent below 1990 levels by 2050.

Additionally, through the California Climate Action Registry (CCAR, now called the Climate Action Reserve), general and industry-specific protocols for assessing and reporting GHG emissions have been developed. GHG sources are categorized into direct sources (i.e., from the project site itself and from activities directly associated with operations) and indirect sources (i.e., not directly associated with the project, but impacted by its operations). Direct sources include combustion emissions from on-and off-road mobile sources, and fugitive emissions. Indirect sources include off-site electricity generation and non-company owned mobile sources.

The proposed project's primary contribution to air emissions is attributable to construction activities, including the delivery of construction material to the site. Project construction would result in GHG emissions from construction equipment, delivery of construction materials, and construction workers' personal vehicles traveling to and from the site. Construction-related GHG emissions vary depending on the level of activity, length of the construction period, specific construction operations, types of equipment, and number of personnel.

The primary emissions that would result from the proposed project occur as carbon dioxide (CO_2) from gasoline and diesel combustion, with more limited vehicle tailpipe emissions of nitrous oxide (N_2O) and methane (CH_4) , as well as other GHG emissions related to vehicle cooling systems. To account for variations in the effectiveness of these gases on climate change, a measure called CO_2 -equivalent (CO_2e) is used.

Pursuant to Section 15064.4 of the State CEQA Guidelines, the treatment of GHG emissions follows a process of quantification of project-related GHG emissions,

determination of significance, and specification of any appropriate mitigation if impacts are found to be potentially significant. The AQIA used the CalEEMod computer model to quantify construction-period and operational GHG emissions. Modeling predicts construction activities would generate an overall total of 2480 metric tons CO₂e emissions. SCAQMD GHG emissions policy from construction activities is to amortize emissions over a 30-year lifetime. The amortized construction emission is 16.2 metric tons CO₂e. **Table 7** identifies the total operational and annualized construction emissions.

Consumption Source MT CO₂(e) tons/year 34 **Area Sources** 527 **Energy Utilization** 1790 Mobile Source 70 Solid Waste Generation 60 Water Consumption 150 **Annualized Construction** 2480 Total

Table 7: Operational Emissions

The screening level operational threshold is 3,500 metric tons (MT) of CO₂e per year. The total operational emissions and annualized construction emissions of 2,480 metric tons of CO₂e per year is well below this threshold and are considered less than significant.

3,500

Significance Threshold

b) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed project would not conflict with any applicable plan, policy or regulation of an agency adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases. In December 2011, the County Board of Supervisors adopted a Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Plan (GHG Reduction Plan). The GHG Reduction Plan states that "with the application of the GHG performance standards, projects that are exempt from CEQA and small projects that do not exceed 3,000 MTCO₂e per year will be considered to be consistent with the Plan and determined to have a less than significant individual and cumulative impact for GHG emissions." Applicable performance standards are identified in Appendix F of the GHG Reduction Plan. As noted in Appendix F, these performance standards apply to all projects and are included as Conditions of Approval when discretionary approvals are granted. Therefore, all applicable performance standards would be included in the Conditions of Approval for the project. In addition, as described in Item VII.a., the project is below the 3,000 MTCO₂e per year significance threshold.

Because the project would be required to comply with all applicable performance standards identified in the GHG Reduction Plan, and GHG emissions would not exceed the 3,000 MTCO₂e per year screening threshold, the project is determined to be consistent with the County's GHG Reduction Plan.

No significant adverse impacts are identified or anticipated and no mitigation

measures are required

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
VIII	HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS - Will the project:				
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?			\boxtimes	
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, will it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				\boxtimes
е)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, will the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, will the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
S	UBSTANTIATION:				

a) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed project is not expected to result in impacts from hazards and hazardous materials with respect to creating a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials. This is because the proposed project would not involve the routine transport, use, or disposal of significant amounts of hazardous materials as defined by the Hazardous Materials Transportation Uniform Safety Act. During construction, the proposed project would involve the transport of general construction materials (i.e., concrete, wood, metal, fuel, etc.) as well as the materials necessary to construct the proposed project.

Construction activities would involve the use of hazardous materials such as fuels and greases for the fueling and servicing of construction equipment. Such substances may be stored in temporary storage tanks/sheds that would be located on the project site. Although these types of materials are not acutely hazardous, they are classified as hazardous materials and create the potential for accidental spillage, which could expose workers. The use, storage, transport, and disposal of hazardous materials used in construction of the facility would be carried out accordance with federal, state, and County regulations. No extremely hazardous substances (i.e., governed under Title 40, Part 335 of the Code of Federal Regulations) are anticipated to be produced, used, stored, transported, or disposed of as a result of project construction.

The project would be required to comply with federal, state, and county laws, ordinances, and regulations; therefore, the project would result in less-than-significant impacts related to the creation of significant hazards through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials.

- b) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed project would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment. With the exception of construction-related materials such as fuels, lubricants, adhesives, and solvents, the proposed project would not generate or require the use or storage of significant quantities of hazardous substances. Additionally, any proposed use or construction activity that might use hazardous materials is subject to permit and inspection by the Hazardous Materials Division of the County Fire Department. Compliance with regulations and standard protocols during the storage, transportation, and usage of any hazardous materials would ensure no substantial impacts would occur. As such, there is a less-than significant impact associated with creating a significant hazard to the public or the environment.
- c) No Impact. The future occupants of the proposed project would not emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing school because the residential project does not propose the use of hazardous materials. There would be no impact related to hazardous emissions or the handling of hazardous materials near schools resulting from implementation of the project.

- d) No Impact. The project site is not located on a known site that is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5. The proposed project would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment. Therefore, the project would result in no significant impact associated with hazardous materials sites.
- e) **No Impact.** The proposed project area is located in the vicinity of the Redlands Municipal Airport. The site is not within the boundaries of the airport land use plan and would not impose safety hazards for people residing or working in the project area as a result of proximity to an airport.
- f) **No Impact**. The proposed project area is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip; therefore, it would not result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area.
- g) No Impact. Activities associated with the proposed project would not impede existing emergency response plans for the project site and/or other land uses in the project vicinity. The project would not result in any closures of existing roadways that might have an effect on emergency response or evacuation plans in the vicinity of the project site. In addition, all vehicles and stationary equipment would be staged off public roads and would not block emergency access routes. Accordingly, implementation of the proposed project would not impair implementation of, or physically interfere with, an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. There is no impact and no further analysis is warranted.
- h) No Impact. The project would not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, because there are no wildlands adjacent to this site. The project site is in an urban area and is not located in a fire safety overlay district. Therefore, it is not adjacent to wildlands or near the wildlands/urban interface, and would not expose people, structures or infrastructure to risks of wildland fires. There would be no impact and no further analysis is warranted.

	71) 14.	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
IX		HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Will the project:				- 14 - 14 - 18
	a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?			\boxtimes	
	b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there will be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level, which will not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				
	c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner that will result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or offsite?			\boxtimes	
	d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which will result in flooding on- or offsite?				
	e)	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?			\boxtimes	
	f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?			\boxtimes	
		Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a Federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				
	h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structure which would impede or redirect flood flows?				\boxtimes
	-	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?				
	j)	Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?				\boxtimes

SUBSTANTIATION:

- a) Less than Significant Impact. The project would not violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements, because a final WQMP would be required to be prepared and approved by the Land Development Division as part of the building permit(s) process. As detailed in the Preliminary WQMP, Rain Gardens will be installed on the residential lots and maintained by the lot owner or their designated maintenance company. Rain Gardens in common areas will be utilize to treat the flow from the site from the proposed streets. The common area Rain Gardens will be maintained by a Homeowners Association.
- b) Less than Significant Impact. The project would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level. Groundwater infiltration will still occur as discussed in section IX. a) above. Potable water would be provided by the City of Redlands not from groundwater wells at the site. The City of Redlands currently serves the existing structures located on the project site.
- c) Less than Significant Impact. The project would not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site. The project does not propose any substantial alteration to a drainage pattern. Drainage will continue to leave the site on Opal Avenue. The proposed development will decrease all flow events from their pre-development conditions for flow and volume. 100 year flows will be reduced by 30 percent and 100 year volume will be reduced by 16.68 percent There is no stream or river on the site or in the vicinity that would be affected by construction of the project. The project is required to submit and implement an erosion control plan, and construction would be subject to a Storm Water Pollution Protection Plan (SWPPP) to prevent erosion or sedimentation during project construction.
- d) Less than Significant Impact. As described in c.), above, the project would not impact any drainages, and the project would not otherwise result in any noteworthy change in the drainage pattern of the site or area. As shown on the hydrology plan, the project would not result in a substantial alteration to the drainage pattern of the site or area, nor would it result in any substantial increase in runoff that could cause flooding on-or off-site. The site is currently relatively flat and would remain flat after construction is completed.
- e) Less than Significant Impact. Refer to response IX. a) above. The project would not create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff, because County has reviewed the proposed project Post-Developed Hydrology Map and

has determined that the proposed on-site storm water retention systems are adequate to handle the anticipated flows. All necessary drainage improvements both on and off site would be required as conditions of the construction of the project, and would be subject to the same dust control measures, Best Management Practices for water quality and other standards and requirements that apply to on-site construction. There would be adequate capacity in the local and regional drainage systems so that downstream properties are not negatively impacted by any increases or changes in volume, velocity or direction of storm water flows originating from or altered by the project. Less than significant impacts would result and no further analysis is warranted.

- f) Less than Significant Impact. Refer responses to IX. a) e). The proposed project would not otherwise substantially degrade water quality because appropriate measures relating to water quality protection, including erosion control measures have been required. No further analysis is warranted.
- g) **No Impact.** The project would not place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a Federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map, because the subject property is not mapped as occurring within that flood hazard zone. No further analysis is warranted.
- h) **No Impact.** The project would not place structures within a 100-year flood hazard area which would impede or redirect flood flows, because the site is not located within a 100-year flood hazard area and any area identified as being potentially affected by a 100-year storm. The structures would be subject to a flood hazard review and would be required to be elevated a minimum of one foot above the base flood elevation.
- i) No Impact. The project would not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam, because the project site is not within any identified path of a potential inundation flow that might result in the event of a dam or levee failure or that might occur from a river, stream, lake or sheet flow situation. There is no impact and no further analysis is warranted.
- j) **No Impact.** The project site would not be subject to inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow. A tsunami is a series of ocean waves generated in the ocean by an impulsive disturbance. Due to the inland location of the proposed project, tsunamis are not considered a threat. A seiche is an oscillating surface wave in a restricted or enclosed body of water generated by ground motion, usually during an earthquake. Inundation from a seiche can occur if the wave overflows a containment wall or the banks of a water body. No impacts are expected to occur because the project is not adjacent to any marine or inland water bodies. The soils in the project area are well-drained, the terrain is relatively flat, and mudflows have not historically been an issue in the proposed project area. No further analysis is warranted.

residential uses.

No significant adverse impacts are identified or anticipated and no mitigation measures are required.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
Х.	LAND USE AND PLANNING - Will the project:	ng ting			
a)	Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				\boxtimes
S	UBSTANTIATION:			-	

- a) No Impact. The proposed project would not physically divide an established community, because the proposed single family residential project is located in an urbanizing area that is adjacent zoned for Industrial Uses and adjacent to existing residential land uses. In addition, the project provides greater connectivity between the existing community and uses by placing new residential uses within an area with existing residential development surrounding the site. The proposed project is sited and designed to enhance and be integrated with an established community, and is a logical and orderly extension of
- b) Less Than Significant Impact. The project would not conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect, because project approval includes a General Plan Amendment to change the site's Land Use District to Single Residential. The project would be consistent with all applicable land use policies and regulations of the County Development Code and General Plan.
- c) **No Impact**. The proposed project does not conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plans or natural community conservation plans. No such plan exists in the area.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
(1.	MINERAL RESOURCES - Will the project:				
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that will be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				\boxtimes
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				\boxtimes

- a) **No Impact.** The project would not result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that will be of value to the region and the residents of the state, because there are no identified important mineral resources on the project site and the site is not within a Mineral Resource Zone Overlay. No further analysis is warranted.
- b) **No Impact.** The proposed project would not result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan, or other land use plan (see discussion in Item XI.a). There is no impact and no further analysis is warranted.

1		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
XII.	NOISE - Will the project result in:				
a)	Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?			\boxtimes	
b)	Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?			\boxtimes	
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?			\boxtimes	
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, will the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, will the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
S	UBSTANTIATION: (Check if the project is located in the Noise severe noise levels according to the General				bject to

A Noise Impact Analysis was prepared for this project by LSA & Associates, May, 2014, which serves as the bases for the analysis below

a) Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated. The project Acoustical Study analysis demonstrates compliance with the County of San Bernardino's criteria for residential development. In addition, this analysis provides specific noise mitigation measures to ensure that the noise levels comply with the required County standards.

Pursuant to Section 83.01.080 of the County Development Code, Interior noise levels in all single family residences shall not exceed 45 dBA Day-Night Sound Level (Ldn) emanating from sources outside the residential building. The exterior noise levels in all single family residential land use areas should not exceed 60 dBA Ldn for any exterior residential use area. However, an exterior noise level of up to 65 dBA is permitted, provided exterior noise levels have been substantially mitigated through a reasonable application of the best available noise reduction technologies.

Lots along the existing streets of Nice Avenue, Opal Avenue and Colton Avenue would be

exposed to noise levels above the standard with windows open because of the traffic on those respective streets. However homes will have Air Conditioning units installed to ensure that windows can remain closed for prolonged periods of time.

- b) Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated. Groundborne vibration and groundborne noise could originate from earth movement during the construction phase of the proposed project. Construction activities may result in short term impacts to the noise environment including groundbourne vibration and noise. Potential impacts to noise would be short term during construction and would end once the project is operational. At buildout the project is not expected to generate groundbourne vibration or noise that is excessive. Short-term impacts associated with construction would be limited to the greatest extent practicable with the implementation of the mitigation measures outlined below.
- c) Less than Significant Impact. The noise impact analysis assessed noise impacts associated with project traffic and determined it would not cause off-site noise impacts to surrounding off-site noise-sensitive uses. The Noise Impact Analysis showed that the project would have a 2.5 dBA or less noise level increase along all roadway segments evaluated in the project vicinity. A 3dBA change is generally considered to be below the threshold of noticeable hearing.

The Noise Impact Analysis shows that the project would not create a substantial permanent increase in traffic-related noise levels or expose persons to noise levels in excess of the exterior noise level standards established by the County of San Bernardino. No further analysis is warranted.

- d) Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated. Construction of the proposed project would result in a temporary increase to the noise environment on site and immediately adjacent to the project. The San Bernardino County Development Code Section 83.01(g) allows construction related noise between 7:00 am and 6:00 pm Monday through Saturday excluding holidays. Short-term impacts associated with construction would be limited to the greatest extent practical with the implementation of Mitigation Measure N-1. The project would also be conditioned to comply with the noise performance standards of the County Development Code, which requires a maximum interior noise level of 45 dBA. Therefore, with implementation of Mitigation Measure N-1, temporary or periodic noise impacts would be less-than-significant.
- e) **No Impact.** The proposed project area is located within the boundaries of an airport land use plan, and is in the vicinity of the Redlands Municipal, located approximately 1.5 miles to the north. The project is outside of the adopted noise contours as the airport runway runs in an east –west direction.
- f) No Impact. The proposed project area is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip.

SIGNIFICANCE: Possible significant adverse impacts have been identified or anticipated and the following mitigation measure is required as a condition of project approval to reduce these impacts to a level below significant:

NOISE MITIGATION MEASURE:

- <u>N-1</u> <u>Noise Mitigation</u>. The developer will submit for review and obtain approval of an agreement letter that stipulates that all construction contracts/subcontracts contain as a requirement that the following noise attenuation measures be implemented:
 - a) Noise levels of any project use or activity will be maintained at or below adopted County noise standards (SBCC 83.01.080). The use of noise-producing signals, including horns, whistles, alarms, and bells, will be for safety warning purposes only.
 - b) Exterior construction activities will be limited between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. There will be no exterior construction activities on Sundays or National Holidays.
 - c) Construction equipment will be muffled per manufacturer's specifications. Electrically powered equipment will be used instead of pneumatic or internal combustion powered equipment, where feasible.
 - d) All stationary construction equipment will be placed in a manner so that emitted noise is directed away from sensitive receptors nearest the project site.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
XIII.	POPULATION AND HOUSING - Will the project:	A. 7. 3	Land and Argust Williams		
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
c)	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes
SII	BSTANTIATION:				

a) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed project is not expected to induce substantial population growth in the area, either directly or indirectly, because the project only proposes 131 lots.

Growth induced by a project could be considered a significant impact if it directly or indirectly affects the ability of public agencies to provide services. Public services for this project would be provided by a number of public agencies, including the County of San Bernardino and the City of Redlands. No service provider has indicated inability to serve the project. Therefore, the population growth associated with the proposed project is less than significant. The project would not result in a substantial adverse effect related to substantial population growth in the area, and no mitigation measures are required.

- b) **No Impact.** The proposed project would not displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere because the project site contains no existing housing that will be removed.
- c) No Impact. The proposed project would not displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere because the project site is currently not developed with any homes that will be demolished. No significant adverse impacts are anticipated and, therefore, no mitigation measures are required.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
XIV.	PUBLIC SERVICES				
a)	Will the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:				
	Fire Protection?			\boxtimes	
	Police Protection?			\boxtimes	
	Schools?			\boxtimes	
	Parks?			\boxtimes	
	Other Public Facilities?			\boxtimes	
SU	BSTANTIATION:				741 -

Due to the project site being located within an urbanized/developed area, a full range of urban public services is available to serve the project site.

a) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed project would not result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services, including fire and police protection, schools, parks or other public facilities. Construction of the project would increase property tax revenues to provide a source of funding that is sufficient to offset any increases in the anticipated demands for public services generated by this project.

This project includes a 0.40 acre neighborhood park that includes an open lawn play area, and a fenced tot lot. While the proposed project would likely create a slight increase in the demand for parks or the availability of parks due to the increase in population, project impacts, given the size of the project, proposed open space uses onsite the impact would be less than significant.

Other Public Facilities. The proposed project would generate an increased demand for other public facilities; however, given the relative size of the project and resulting population increase compared with the area, the project's increase would not be substantial, and the project would not require the construction of new facilities. Therefore, while the proposed project would likely create a slight increase in the demand for other public facilities, given the size of the project and proposed uses, this impact would be less than significant. No mitigation is required.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
XV.	RECREATION				
a)	Will the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility will occur or be accelerated?			\boxtimes	
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?			\boxtimes	

- a) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed 131 unit single family residential project is not expected to result in an significant increase in the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated. The proposed project includes a small on site neighborhood park with a tot lot. Community parks are available throughout the City of Redlands. Existing regional parks are adequate to handle regional park needs of future residents of the project.
- b) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed project includes an on-site neighborhood park. This amenity would not have an adverse physical effect on the environment. The project does not require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment. No significant adverse impacts on recreational facilities would result from implementation of the project and no further analysis is warranted.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
XVI.	TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Will the project:				
a)	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and greenways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit.				
b)	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways.		×		
c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				
d)	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?			\boxtimes	
e)	Result in inadequate emergency access?			\boxtimes	
f)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?				
SUE	SSTANTIATION:				

Less than Significant Impact. The project includes new residential roadways that would be constructed per the tentative tract, and will also require street improvements so that the existing roads meet current county standards. The future roadways would provide a right-of-way (ROW) width of 60 feet containing: two lanes (one lane in each direction); 36 feet of curb-to-curb pavement and 12 foot parkways with sidewalk facilities on both sides of the street. Given that the internal circulation and access have been designed to meet the County's standards (i.e., street ROW, curb-to-curb width, turn radii, etc.), no impacts to circulation or emergency vehicles is anticipated.

This project falls within the Regional Transportation Development Mitigation Fee Plan for the Redlands Subarea. The Plan fees shall be computed in accordance with the Plan fees in effect as of the date that the building plans are submitted and the building permit is applied

for.

The applicant shall design as part of the street improvement plans, the installation of a stop control for the northbound movement on Street "C" at Nice Avenue, and a stop control for the westbound movement on Street "A" at Opal Avenue.

b) Less than Significant Impact with mitigation. A traffic study was prepared by LSA & Associates, dated November 2014. The project is expected to generate a total of 1,247 daily trips, with 98 trips occurring during the a.m. peak hour and 131 trips occurring during the p.m. peak hour. As noted above, there is an existing warehouse building on the project site that will be demolished and removed when the project is completed. Existing traffic counts at the warehouse driveways were conducted to quantify the existing trip generation of the site. The existing warehouse currently generates 11 a.m. peak hour trips and 7 p.m. peak hour trips. Therefore, the traffic analysis is based on the proposed project trip generation of 87 a.m. peak hour trips and 124 p.m. peak hour trips with a reduction of the existing warehouse trips (11 a.m. peak hour, and 7 p.m. peak hour) from the existing driveways.

A Level of service analysis was conducted to evaluate existing with project a.m. and p.m. peak hour traffic operations at study area intersections. All study area intersections are projected to operate at satisfactory levels of service with the exception of Opal Avenue/SR-38 in the a.m. and p.m. peak hours and Opal Avenue/Colton Avenue in the a.m. peak hour. The intersection of Opal Avenue/SR-38 currently operates at an unacceptable LOS without the proposed project. Approval of the project would further degrade this existing deficiency. The intersection of Opal Avenue/Colton Avenue currently operates at an acceptable LOS in the without project conditions. The project would cause the intersection to deteriorate to an unacceptable LOS. As a result, the project has a cumulative impact at Opal Avenue/SR-38 and a direct significant impact at Opal Avenue/Colton Avenue. It should be noted that the LOS only deteriorates during the a.m. peak hour and operates satisfactorily during the p.m. peak hour. Redlands East Valley High School is located on the southeast corner of Opal Avenue/Colton Avenue. Schools typically generate traffic from 7 to 9 in the a.m., and 2 to 4 in the p.m.; therefore, the a.m. peak hour LOS at Opal Avenue/Colton Avenue is worse than the p.m. peak hour LOS.

Fair-share calculations were developed based on project traffic as a percentage of total growth from existing traffic volumes to year 2035 with project. The project fair share at Opal Avenue/SR-38 is 4 percent. For the intersection of Opal Avenue/Colton Avenue fair share contribution is only applicable during the a.m. peak hour since that is the only period where the project creates an impact. Thus, the project fair share at the intersection of Opal Avenue/Colton Avenue is 9.33 percent. In addition, cost estimates for installing a signal at the intersections of Opal Avenue/SR-38 and Opal Avenue/Colton Avenue are based on costs provided by County staff, which shows that a new signal costs approximately \$598,400. Therefore, the project's fair-share contribution to the new signal at Opal Avenue/SR-38 would be \$23,936. In addition, the project's fair-share contribution to the new signal at Opal Avenue/Colton Avenue would be \$55,834.

- c) No Impact. The proposed project would not affect air traffic patterns. The project is residential and would not result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks, because there is no anticipated notable impact on air traffic volumes by passengers or freight generated by the proposed uses and no new air traffic facilities are proposed.
- d) Less than Significant Impact. The project would not substantially increase hazards due to a design feature or incompatible uses because there are no incompatible uses proposed by the project that would impact surrounding land uses. Therefore, less than significant impacts related to roadway design features or incompatible uses would result from implementation of the project and no further analysis is warranted.
- e) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed project would not result in inadequate emergency access to the project area. During project construction, public roads would remain open and available for use by emergency vehicles and other traffic. The proposed project would not result in any roadway closures in the vicinity of the project site. The project site three access paths and an additional emergency access paths as approved by the County Fire Department. Less than significant impacts would result from implementation of the project and no further analysis is warranted.
- f) Less than Significant Impact. The project would not conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit and alternative or non-motorized transportation (e.g., transit amenities) because all alternative transportation improvements have been included in the project design or would be addressed through standard conditions of approval regarding pedestrian access improvements. Less than significant impacts would result from implementation of the project and no further analysis is warranted.

SIGNIFICANCE: Possible significant adverse impacts have been identified or anticipated and the following mitigation measure is required as a condition of project approval to reduce these impacts to a level below significant:

T-1) Fair Share Contribution. A fair share contribution for this project is required and will be based on the fair share percentages calculated in the revised LSA traffic study dated November 19, 2014. The study concluded that the additional traffic generated by this project will have an impact at the following intersections for Opening Year and the Buildout Year (2035) traffic conditions: Opal Avenue at SR-38, and Opal Avenue at Colton Avenue.

The total fair share contribution shall be paid to the Department of Public Works - Traffic Division. At the present time, the total estimated fair share contribution is \$79,770. When an application for a building permit is filed, this amount will be adjusted to reflect actual construction costs incurred, if available, or will be adjusted to account for future construction costs using the Caltrans Construction Cost Index.

T-2) Regional Transportation Fee. This project falls within the Regional Transportation

Development Mitigation Fee Plan for the Redlands Subarea. This fee shall be paid by a cashier's check to the Department of Public Works Business Office. The Plan fees shall be computed in accordance with the Plan fees in effect as of the date that the building plans are submitted and the building permit is applied for. Currently, the fee is \$7,063 for single family dwelling unit. There are 131 single family residential units per the Tentative Tract Map 18952 dated February 20, 2014. Therefore, the estimated Regional Transportation Fees are \$925,253 (131 units x \$7,063 per unit). These fees are subject to change periodically. The current Regional Transportation Development Mitigation Plan can be found at the following website:

http://www.sbcounty.gov/dpw/transportation/transportation_planning.asp

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
XVI.	UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS - Will the project:				 . E
а)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?			\boxtimes	
b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded, entitlements needed?				
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider, which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
f)	Be served by a landfill(s) with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?			\boxtimes	
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				\boxtimes
SUL	BSTANTIATION:				

- a) Less than Significant Impact. Refer to response IX. a). Wastewater sewer service for the project would be provided by the City of Redlands. Sewage would be conveyed in public sewer lines in the public street rights-of-way on the project site to the existing sewer lines. As such, the proposed project does not exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the Regional Water Quality Control Board, Santa Ana Region, as determined by County Public Health Environmental Health Services. The project would comply with all regulation and requirements established by the Regional Water Quality Control Board.
- b) Less than Significant Impact. Refer response to IX. a). The proposed project would not require or result in a need for new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities. There is sufficient capacity in the existing system for the proposed use. The proposed project would be served by existing sewer and water lines in proximity to the

project, provided by the City of Redlands.

c) Less than Significant Impact. Refer responses to IX. a) - e). The project proposes install rain gardens on the individual lots and also in the landscape setbacks adjacent to Opal Avenue. The rain gardens and project design will reduce the hydrology flow and volume

A private storm drain system is proposed within the interior streets that would outlet the storm waters into Opal Avenue. There is no storm drain system in Opal Avenue that would allow connection of the project's storm drain system.

A Final WQMP is required prior to issuance of a grading permit, which would ensure that the project design complies with regulations and requirements associated with hydrology and water quality. The project is not expected to significantly alter drainage patterns offsite and no expansion or new storm drain facilities beyond what is already planned for area-wide drainage would be required. No further analysis is warranted.

- d) Less than Significant Impact. Refer response to IX. b). Sufficient water supplies are available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources. Due to the relatively small scale project in comparison to the City of Redlands's current service area, the City has adequate capacity to accommodate the project and the impact of the project on water supplies would be less than significant.
- e) Less than Significant Impact. Refer response to IX. a). The proposed project would not require or result in the construction of new wastewater treatment facilities or the expansion of existing wastewater treatment facilities. The City of Redlands has adequate capacity to serve the projected wastewater treatment demand for the project, in addition to the provider's existing commitments. Accordingly, no impacts are anticipated from implementation of the proposed project.
- f) No Impact. The County of San Bernardino Solid Waste Management Division (SWMD) is responsible for the operation and management of the County of San Bernardino's solid waste disposal system which consists of five regional landfills and nine transfer stations. According to the 2007 San Bernardino Countywide Integrated Waste Management Plan, the County of San Bernardino continues to have disposal capacity available for solid waste generated, but not diverted, in excess of 15 years as required under Public Resources Code Section 41701. The systemwide characteristics indicate that the County has an estimated site-life capacity of 38 years; however, the projected site life is calculated at 26 years of refuse capacity. Existing landfills serving the project area are the Mid-Valley Landfill in Rialto and San Timoteo Landfill in Redlands. The Mid-Valley Landfill has a maximum permitted capacity of 20,400,000 cubic yards and 7,500.00 tons per day of throughput with approximately 13,605,488 cubic yards of remaining capacity. The San Timoteo Landfill has a maximum permitted capacity of 101,300,000 cubic yards and 2,000.00 tons per day of throughput with approximately 67,520,000 cubic yards of remaining capacity. The SWMD has assumed build out of the project site as a residential use and planed for the associated solid waste generation in the existing sufficient

permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs. Due to the relatively small amount of waste generated by the project compared with the capacity in the system the project would result in less than significant impacts

g) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed project would comply with all federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste. The project would consist of short-term construction activities (with short-term waste generation limited to minor quantities of construction debris). Solid waste produced during the construction phase of this project would be disposed of in accordance with all applicable regulations, including the County construction and demolition debris reduction ordinance.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
XVII.	MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE:				
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				
c)	Does the project have environmental effects, which would cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				

- a) Less than Significant Impact. The project would not significantly degrade the overall quality of the region's environment, or substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population or drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory. No potential impact on rare or endangered species or other species of plants or animals or habitat identified by the California Natural Diversity Database (CNDDB) has been identified in the analysis of the proposed project, based on the disturbed condition of the project site. There are no identified historic or prehistoric resources identified on this site.
- b) Less than Significant Impact. Cumulative impacts are defined as two or more individual effects that, when considered together, are considerable or that compound or increase other environmental impacts. The cumulative impact from several projects is the change in the environment that results from the incremental impact of the development when added to the impacts of other closely related past, present, and reasonably foreseeable or probable future developments. Cumulative impacts can result from individually minor, but collectively significant, developments taking place over a period.

The project would not have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable. Special studies prepared to analyze impacts of the proposed project consider

and evaluate existing and planned conditions of the surrounding area and the region. Existing and planned infrastructure in the surrounding area has been planned to accommodate planned build out of the area, including the project site with the planned uses.

c) Less than Significant Impact. The design of the project, with application of County policies, standards, and design guidelines ensure that there would be no substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly. Impacts of the proposed project would be less than significant.

Possible significant adverse impacts have been identified or anticipated and the following mitigation measures are required as conditions of project approval to reduce these impacts to a level below significant:

XVIII. MITIGATION MEASURES:

(Any mitigation measures which are not "self-monitoring" will have a Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program prepared and adopted at time of project approval. Condition compliance will be verified by existing procedure [CCRF].)

AIR QUALITY MITIGATION MEASURES:

- AQ-1 AQ/Dust Control Plan. The developer will prepare, submit, and obtain approval from San Bernardino County Planning of a Dust Control Plan (DCP) consistent with South Coast Air Quality Management District guidelines and a letter agreeing to include in any construction contracts/subcontracts a requirement that project contractors adhere to the requirements of the DCP. The DCP will include the following elements to reduce dust production:
 - a) Exposed soils and haul roads will be watered three (3) times per day to reduce fugitive dust during all grading/construction activities. Inactive areas will be treated with soil stabilizers such as hay bales or aggregate cover.
 - b) Street sweeping will be conducted when visible soil accumulations occur along site access roadways to remove dirt dropped by construction vehicles.
 - c) Site access driveways and adjacent streets will be washed daily, if there are visible signs of any dirt track-out at the conclusion of any workday.
 - d) Construction vehicle tires will be washed prior to leaving the project site.
 - e) All trucks hauling dirt away from the site will be covered, and speeds on unpaved roads will be reduced below 15 miles per hour.
 - f) During high wind conditions (i.e., wind speeds exceeding 25 mph), areas with disturbed soil will be watered hourly and activities on unpaved surfaces will cease until wind speeds no longer exceed 25 mph.
 - g) Storage piles that are to be left in place for more than three working days will either be sprayed with a non-toxic soil binder, covered with plastic or revegetated.

AQ-2 AQ – Installation. The developer will submit for review and obtain approval from County Planning of evidence that all air quality mitigation measures have been installed properly and that specified performance objectives are being met to the satisfaction of County Planning and County Building and Safety.

<u>NOISE</u>

NOISE MITIGATION MEASURE:

- Noise Mitigation. The developer will submit for review and obtain approval of an agreement letter that stipulates that all construction contracts/subcontracts contain as a requirement that the following noise attenuation measures be implemented:
 - a) Noise levels of any project use or activity will be maintained at or below adopted County noise standards (SBCC 83.01.080). The use of noise-producing signals, including horns, whistles, alarms, and bells, will be for safety warning purposes only.
 - b) Exterior construction activities will be limited between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. There will be no exterior construction activities on Sundays or National Holidays.
 - c) Construction equipment will be muffled per manufacturer's specifications. Electrically powered equipment will be used instead of pneumatic or internal combustion powered equipment, where feasible. All stationary construction equipment will be placed in a manner so that emitted noise

is directed away from sensitive receptors nearest the project site.

TRAFFIC MITIGATION MEASURE

T-1) Fair Share Contribution. A fair share contribution for this project is required and will be based on the fair share percentages calculated in the revised LSA traffic study dated November 19, 2014. The study concluded that the additional traffic generated by this project will have an impact at the following intersections for Opening Year and the Buildout Year (2035) traffic conditions: Opal Avenue at SR-38, and Opal Avenue at Colton Avenue.

The total fair share contribution shall be paid to the Department of Public Works - Traffic Division. At the present time, the total estimated fair share contribution is \$79,770. When an application for a building permit is filed, this amount will be adjusted to reflect actual construction costs incurred, if available, or will be adjusted to account for future construction costs using the Caltrans Construction Cost Index.

T-2) Regional Transportation Fee. This project falls within the Regional Transportation Development Mitigation Fee Plan for the Redlands Subarea. This fee shall be paid by a cashier's check to the Department of Public Works Business Office. The Plan fees shall be computed in accordance with the Plan fees in effect as of the date that the building plans are submitted and the building permit is applied for. Currently, the fee is \$7,063 for single family dwelling unit. There are 131 single family residential units per the Tentative Tract Map 18952 dated February 20, 2014. Therefore, the

estimated Regional Transportation Fees are \$925,253 (131 units x \$7,063 per unit). These fees are subject to change periodically. The current Regional Transportation Development Mitigation Plan can be found at the following website: http://www.sbcounty.gov/dpw/transportation/transportation_planning.asp

GENERAL REFERENCES

- California Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle) website. Accessed January 27, 2014. http://www.calrecycle.ca.gov/
- CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G.
- The Community Foundation. County of San Bernardino 2012 Community Indicators Report. Available at: http://www.sbcounty.gov/uploads/cao/feature/content/2012 cir sb.pdf
- County of San Bernardino. (2007, March 13). County of San Bernardino 2007 Development Code. Amended July 25, 2013. Available at http://cms.sbcounty.gov/lus/Planning/DevelopmentCode.aspx
- County of San Bernardino. (2007, March 13). County of San Bernardino 2007 General Plan. Amended July 18, 2013. http://www.co.san-bernardino.ca.us/landuseservices/general_plan/Default.asp.
- County of San Bernardino Geologic Hazards Overlays Map FH30C (Redlands).
- County of San Bernardino Hazard Overlay Map FH30C (Redlands).
- County of San Bernardino Identified Hazardous Materials Waste Sites List, April 1998.
- County of San Bernardino, Countywide Integrated Waste Management Plan, March 1995.
- County of San Bernardino, Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Plan, January 6, 2012.
- County of San Bernardino, San Bernardino County Storm Water Program, Model Water Quality Management Plan Guidance.
- County of San Bernardino Road Planning and Design Standards.
- Environmental Impact Report, San Bernardino County General Plan, 2007.
- Federal Emergency Management Agency Flood Insurance Rate Map and Flood Boundary Map.
- South Coast Air Quality Management District, CEQA Air Quality Handbook, November 1993.

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. Web Soil Survey. Available at http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/.

Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas Emissions Impact Analysis -LSA & Associates

Cultural Resources Assessment (includes Paleontological Resources Assessment) - LSA & Associates, May, 2014

Acoustical Study - LSA & Associates, May, 2014

Traffic Impact Analysis - LSA & Associates, dated November 2014

City of Redlands Will-serve letter

Preliminary Water Quality Management Plan

Pre- and Post-Developed Hydrology Map